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1. ~~Method for the multi fluorescence detection of fluorophores by means of a simultaneous measurement of the decay time of the fluorescences, where the excitation wave lengths for the individual fluorophores, delayed through an optical delay (4) in the range of sub nanoseconds to some milliseconds, are conducted to the objects of examination (7) so that the fluorescences can be excited and detected one after the other and where, for he differentiation between at least two fluorophores in addition to their spectral characteristics, the decay behaviour of the fluorescence processes is examined by the displacement of electronic gates in the nanosecond range along a timing axis.~~

2. ~~Method for the multi fluorescence detection of fluorophores by means of a simultaneous measurement of the decay time of the fluorescences, where the excitation wave lengths for the individual fluorophores, delayed through an optical delay (4) in the range of sub nanoseconds to some milliseconds, are conducted to the objects of examination (7) so that the fluorescences can be excited and detected one after the other.~~

3. (amended) ~~Method~~ A method for the multi-fluorescence detection of fluorophores by means of a simultaneous measurement

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of the decay time of the fluorescences where, for the differentiation between at least two fluorophores in addition to their spectral characteristics, the decay behaviour of the fluorescence processes is examined by the displacement of electronic gates in the nanosecond range along a timing axis.

4. (amended) Method ~~The method~~ according to Claim ~~1 and 3~~, wherein the delay (4) is formed by light wave conductors.

5. (amended) Method ~~The method~~ according to Claim ~~2 and 3~~, wherein the electronic time gate is positioned in the maximum of the timing pattern of the life duration of the fluorescence signal, in order to selectively detect fast decaying fluorescence processes.

6. (amended) Method ~~The method~~ according to Claim ~~2 and 3~~, wherein the electronic time gate is positioned in the fade-out of the timing pattern of the life duration of the fluorescence signal, in order to selectively detect slow decaying fluorescence processes.

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7. (amended) ~~Method~~ The method according to ~~the Claims 1 to~~
Claim 3, wherein several different fluorescence colouring
materials are detected in the liquid chromatography.

8. (amended) ~~Method~~ The method according to ~~the Claims 1 to~~
Claim 3, wherein fluorescence colouring materials are detected
in multi-well plates.

9. (amended) ~~Method~~ The method according to ~~the Claims 1 to~~
Claim 3, wherein a multiple fluorescence detection is carried
out on living/dead tissue.

10. (amended) ~~Method~~ The method according to ~~the Claims 1~~
~~to~~ Claim 3, wherein a multi fluorescence detection is carried
out on planar, particular, fibrillar carriers such as DNA-
/protein-chip.

11. (amended) ~~Method~~ The method according to ~~the Claims 1~~
~~to~~ Claim 3, wherein the method is image-rendering and the
detector is a camera.

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12. (amended) ~~Method~~ The method according to ~~the Claims 1~~
~~to Claim 3~~, wherein a multiple fluorescence detection and an
end-point determination is carried out during the PCR,
particularly quantitative and multiplex PCR.

13. (amended) ~~Method~~ The method according to ~~the Claims 1~~
~~to Claim 3~~, wherein several fluorescence colouring materials are
detected in electrophoresis gels, electrophoresis capillaries
and electrophoresis blots.

14. (new) A method for the multi-fluorescence detection of
fluorophores by means of a simultaneous measurement of the decay
time of the fluorescences, where the excitation wave lengths for
the individual fluorophores, delayed through an optical delay
(4) in the range of sub-nanoseconds to some milliseconds, are
conducted to the objects of examination (7) so that the
fluorescences can be excited and detected one after the other.

15. (new) The method according to claim 14, wherein for the
differentiation between at least two fluorophores in addition to
their spectral characteristics, the decay behaviour of the

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fluorescence processes is examined by the displacement of
electronic gates in the nanosecond range along a timing axis.

16. (new) The method according to Claim 14, wherein the
delay (4) is formed by light wave conductors.

17. (new) The method according to Claim 14, wherein the
electronic time gate is positioned in the maximum of the timing
pattern of the life duration of the fluorescence signal, in
order to selectively detect fast decaying fluorescence
processes.

18. (new) The method according to Claim 14, wherein the
electronic time gate is positioned in the fade-out of the timing
pattern of the life duration of the fluorescence signal, in
order to selectively detect slow decaying fluorescence
processes.

19. (new) The method according to the Claim 14, wherein
several different fluorescence colouring materials are detected
in the liquid chromatography.

25. (new) The method according to the Claim 14, wherein
several fluorescence colouring materials are detected in

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electrophoresis gels, electrophoresis capillaries and
electrophoresis blots.

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